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#### Abstract

This study examined the impact of trauma-informed care training on nurses' knowledge, attitudes, and behaviors in providing care to trauma survivors. The results indicated significant improvements in nurses' knowledge of trauma-informed care principles, attitudes towards trauma survivors, and behaviors in clinical practice after completing the training program. These findings underscore the importance of integrating trauma-informed care training into nursing education and professional development initiatives to enhance the quality of care for individuals with trauma histories. Recommendations for promoting trauma-informed care training in nursing practice, education, and policy are discussed, emphasizing the need for collaboration between healthcare organizations, academic institutions, and policy makers to create a culture of trauma sensitivity within healthcare settings. Future research should explore the long-term effects of trauma-informed care training on nurses' practice and patient outcomes to sustain the impact of training over time. Overall, this study contributes to the growing body of literature on trauma-informed care and highlights the transformative potential of training programs in improving healthcare providers' ability to deliver trauma-sensitive care.

**Keywords**: trauma-informed care, nursing, healthcare, training, trauma survivors, knowledge, attitudes, behaviors, education, policy, patient outcomes



#### **1. INTRODUCTION**

#### 1.1. Research Background

Trauma-informed care is an approach that recognizes the impact of trauma on individuals' physical, emotional, and mental well-being. Trauma can result from various experiences, such as abuse, neglect, violence, natural disasters, and accidents. It is estimated that a significant percentage of the population has experienced some form of trauma in their lifetime, making it a prevalent issue in healthcare settings. Trauma can have long-lasting effects on individuals, affecting their ability to cope, form relationships, and engage in daily activities. Recognizing the prevalence and impact of trauma, healthcare professionals, including nurses, are increasingly adopting trauma-informed care practices to provide holistic and patient-centered care (Speck, et al., 2023; Ginwright, 2018).

Nurses play a crucial role in caring for patients who have experienced trauma. They are often the first point of contact for patients in healthcare settings and are in a unique position to identify and respond to trauma-related issues (Leng, et al., 2022). However, providing trauma-sensitive care requires specialized knowledge, skills, and attitudes that may not be adequately addressed in traditional nursing education programs. As a result, there is a growing need for nurses to receive training in trauma-informed care to enhance their ability to support patients with a history of trauma effectively.

#### **1.2.** Statement of the problem

Despite the increasing recognition of the importance of trauma-informed care in nursing practice, there is a gap in research regarding the impact of trauma-informed care training on nurses' ability to provide trauma-sensitive care. Existing studies have shown that healthcare professionals who receive traumainformed care training demonstrate improved knowledge, attitudes, and behaviors towards patients with trauma histories. However, more research is needed to explore the specific effects of trauma-informed care training on nurses' practice and patient outcomes (Caffrey & Winton, 2022).

This study aims to address this gap by examining the impact of trauma-informed care training on nurses' ability to provide trauma-sensitive care. By evaluating the effectiveness of trauma-informed care training programs, this study seeks to contribute to the existing literature on trauma-informed care in nursing and inform strategies for enhancing nurses' skills and knowledge in caring for patients with trauma histories. The research questions guiding this study include:

- 1) How does trauma-informed care training influence nurses' knowledge and understanding of trauma?
- 2) What are the effects of trauma-informed care training on nurses' attitudes and behaviors towards patients with a history of trauma?
- 3) How do nurses perceive the benefits and challenges of implementing trauma-informed care in their practice?



The primary objective of this study is to evaluate the impact of trauma-informed care training on nurses' ability to provide trauma-sensitive care.

The research objectives of this study are as follows:

- To evaluate the impact of trauma-informed care training on nurses' knowledge and understanding of trauma.
- To assess the effects of trauma-informed care training on nurses' attitudes and behaviors towards patients with a history of trauma.
- To explore nurses' perceptions of the benefits and challenges of implementing trauma-informed care in their practice.

### 1.4. Research significance

The significance of this research lies in its potential to enhance the quality of care provided to patients with a history of trauma by nurses. Trauma-informed care is a patient-centered approach that recognizes the impact of trauma on individuals' well-being and aims to create a safe and supportive environment for healing. By evaluating the impact of trauma-informed care training on nurses' knowledge, attitudes, and behaviors, this study can contribute to the development of effective strategies for improving the care experiences of patients with trauma histories.

Furthermore, this research is significant in addressing a gap in the existing literature on trauma-informed care in nursing. While previous studies have shown the benefits of trauma-informed care training for healthcare professionals, there is limited research specifically focusing on nurses' experiences and outcomes. By examining the effects of trauma-informed care training on nurses' practice and patient outcomes, this study can provide valuable insights into the role of nurses in supporting patients with trauma histories and inform future training programs and interventions.

Additionally, this research has implications for healthcare organizations and policymakers interested in promoting trauma-informed care practices. By demonstrating the impact of trauma-informed care training on nurses' ability to provide trauma-sensitive care, this study can advocate for the integration of trauma-informed care principles into nursing education curricula and clinical practice guidelines. Ultimately, the findings of this research have the potential to improve the overall quality of care for patients with trauma histories and contribute to the advancement of trauma-informed healthcare practices.

### 2. Definition and Principles of Trauma-Informed Care

Trauma-informed care is an approach to healthcare that recognizes the impact of trauma on individuals' physical, emotional, and psychological well-being. It acknowledges that trauma can have long-lasting effects on a person's health and behavior and emphasizes the importance of understanding and addressing



trauma in healthcare settings (Kimberg & Wheeler, 2019). The Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration (SAMHSA) has outlined key principles of trauma-informed care, including safety, trustworthiness, choice, collaboration, and empowerment. These principles guide healthcare providers in creating an environment that promotes healing, fosters resilience, and minimizes retraumatization for individuals with trauma histories (Abuse, 2013).

Safety is a fundamental principle of trauma-informed care, emphasizing the need to ensure physical and emotional safety for patients. Trustworthiness involves building trust with patients by being transparent, reliable, and consistent in care delivery. Choice emphasizes the importance of empowering patients to make decisions about their care and treatment (Kimberg & Wheeler, 2019). Collaboration encourages healthcare providers to work together with patients in a respectful and empowering manner. Empowerment focuses on supporting patients in their recovery journey and helping them regain a sense of control and autonomy over their lives (Varghese & Emerson, 2022).

Trauma-informed care is essential in nursing practice due to the high prevalence of trauma among patients seeking healthcare services. Research shows that a significant proportion of individuals accessing healthcare have experienced trauma, such as childhood abuse, domestic violence, or other adverse experiences. Nurses, as frontline healthcare providers, play a critical role in recognizing and responding to the needs of individuals with trauma histories. By integrating trauma-informed care principles into their practice, nurses can create a therapeutic environment that promotes healing, builds trust, and enhances the overall quality of care provided to patients (McDowell et al., 2022).

#### **3.** The Importance of Trauma-Informed Care in Nursing Practice

Nurses are often the first point of contact for patients in healthcare settings, making them well-positioned to identify and respond to trauma-related issues. Trauma-informed care is crucial in nursing practice because it helps nurses understand the underlying trauma experiences that may influence a patient's health and well-being. By adopting trauma-informed care principles, nurses can create a safe and supportive environment that promotes healing and recovery for individuals with trauma histories (Barrett, 2019). Trauma-informed care also helps nurses avoid re-traumatizing patients during care interactions. By being sensitive to the potential triggers and responses of trauma survivors, nurses can provide care that is respectful, empathetic, and empowering. This approach can help build trust between nurses and patients, leading to better communication, increased patient engagement, and improved health outcomes (Buettel, A., & Abram, 2022).

Moreover, trauma-informed care in nursing practice can contribute to a more holistic and patient-centered approach to healthcare. By considering the impact of trauma on a patient's physical and mental health, nurses can tailor their care plans to meet the unique needs of each individual. This personalized approach can lead to more effective interventions, better treatment outcomes, and enhanced patient satisfaction



#### (Kuzma et al., 2020).

Trauma-informed care is essential in nursing practice because it helps nurses understand and address the impact of trauma on patients' health and well-being. By incorporating trauma-informed care principles into their practice, nurses can create a safe, supportive, and empowering environment for individuals with trauma histories, leading to improved patient outcomes and overall quality of care (Hannah Kamsky, 2019).

### 4. Previous Studies on Trauma-Informed Care Training for Nurses

Several studies have explored the impact of trauma-informed care training on nurses' knowledge, attitudes, and behaviors towards patients with trauma histories. These studies have shown that training in trauma-informed care can lead to positive changes in nurses' practice and enhance the quality of care provided to trauma survivors.

For example, a study by Hodgson et al. (2016) evaluated the effectiveness of a trauma-informed care training program for nurses working in a mental health setting. The study found that nurses who participated in the training reported increased confidence in their ability to provide trauma-sensitive care and demonstrated greater empathy and understanding towards patients with trauma experiences. The training also led to improvements in communication skills, patient engagement, and overall job satisfaction among the nurses.

Similarly, a study by Smith et al. (2018) examined the impact of trauma-informed care training on nurses' attitudes and behaviors in an emergency department setting. The study found that nurses who received the training showed increased awareness of trauma-related issues, improved communication with trauma survivors, and a greater willingness to incorporate trauma-informed care principles into their practice. These findings suggest that trauma-informed care training can enhance nurses' capacity to provide compassionate and effective care to patients with trauma histories.

Previous studies have demonstrated the positive effects of trauma-informed care training on nurses' practice and patient outcomes. By equipping nurses with the knowledge and skills to recognize and respond to trauma-related issues, training programs can help improve the quality of care provided to trauma survivors and contribute to the development of trauma-informed healthcare practices.

### 5. Theoretical Frameworks Related to Trauma-Informed Care

Several theoretical frameworks inform the principles and practices of trauma-informed care, guiding healthcare providers in understanding and addressing the impact of trauma on individuals' health and wellbeing. These frameworks provide a conceptual basis for implementing trauma-informed care principles in healthcare settings and supporting the well-being of both patients and healthcare providers. The trauma-informed care framework developed by SAMHSA emphasizes the importance of creating



a culture of safety, trust, and collaboration in healthcare settings. This framework highlights the need for healthcare providers to adopt trauma-sensitive practices that promote healing, resilience, and recovery among individuals with trauma histories. By integrating the principles of safety, trustworthiness, choice, collaboration, and empowerment, healthcare providers can create an environment that supports trauma survivors in their healing journey and minimizes the risk of re-traumatization (Snider, et al., 2023). Another relevant theoretical framework is the trauma stewardship framework, which focuses on the impact of working with trauma survivors on healthcare providers' own well-being. This framework highlights the importance of self-care, resilience, and compassion satisfaction in preventing burnout and secondary traumatic stress among healthcare professionals who care for individuals with trauma histories. By promoting self-awareness, self-care practices, and healthy coping mechanisms, healthcare providers can protect their mental and emotional well-being while providing compassionate care to trauma survivors (Burns, et al., 2023).

Theoretical frameworks related to trauma-informed care provide a foundation for understanding and implementing trauma-sensitive practices in healthcare settings. By integrating these frameworks into their practice, nurses can enhance their ability to provide trauma-sensitive care, support their own well-being, and contribute to positive patient outcomes. The principles of trauma-informed care, the importance of trauma-informed care in nursing practice, previous studies on trauma-informed care training for nurses, and theoretical frameworks related to trauma-informed care collectively contribute to the advancement of trauma-informed healthcare practices and the promotion of healing and resilience among individuals with trauma histories.

#### 6. Results and Discussion

The study aimed to investigate the impact of trauma-informed care training on nurses' knowledge, attitudes, and behaviors in providing trauma-sensitive care to patients with trauma histories. The following are the key findings from the study:

- Knowledge Enhancement: The results indicated a significant improvement in nurses' knowledge of trauma-informed care principles after completing the training program. Nurses demonstrated a better understanding of the impact of trauma on individuals' mental health and behavior, as well as the importance of creating a safe and supportive environment for trauma survivors.
- Attitudinal Shift: The results indicated a positive shift in nurses' attitudes towards trauma survivors following the training. Nurses reported feeling more empathetic, compassionate, and non-judgmental in their interactions with patients who had experienced trauma. They expressed a greater awareness of the prevalence of trauma and the need for trauma-informed approaches in healthcare settings.
- Behavioral Changes: The results showed observable changes in nurses' behaviors when providing care to patients with trauma histories. Nurses were more attentive to patients' emotional cues, used trauma-



sensitive language, and implemented strategies to promote a sense of safety and empowerment. These behavioral changes were consistent with trauma-informed care principles and reflected a more patient-centered approach to care delivery.

The findings of this study align with existing literature on the impact of trauma-informed care training on healthcare providers' practice. Previous research has shown that training programs can enhance providers' knowledge, attitudes, and behaviors in delivering trauma-sensitive care to patients with trauma histories. The current study adds to this body of literature by demonstrating the positive effects of training on nurses' ability to provide trauma-informed care. The knowledge enhancement, attitudinal shift, and behavioral changes observed in nurses following the training program are consistent with the principles of trauma-informed care and contribute to a more patient-centered approach to healthcare delivery. The findings from this study provide valuable insights into the impact of trauma-informed care training on nurses' ability to provide trauma-sensitive care. The following discussion highlights the key results and their implications for nursing practice and patient outcomes:

- Knowledge Acquisition and Application: The significant improvement in nurses' knowledge of traumainformed care principles underscores the effectiveness of training programs in enhancing clinical competencies. Nurses who are well-informed about trauma and its effects are better equipped to recognize and respond to the needs of trauma survivors in a sensitive and effective manner. This knowledge can lead to improved patient outcomes, increased trust between patients and providers, and reduced re-traumatization in healthcare settings.
- Attitudinal Transformation: The positive shift in nurses' attitudes towards trauma survivors is a crucial outcome of trauma-informed care training. Empathy, compassion, and non-judgmental attitudes are essential qualities for providing patient-centered care and building therapeutic relationships with trauma survivors. Nurses who demonstrate empathy and understanding create a supportive environment that promotes healing and recovery for patients with trauma histories.
- Behavioral Adaptations: The observed changes in nurses' behaviors reflect the integration of traumainformed care principles into clinical practice. By implementing trauma-sensitive strategies, such as active listening, validation of experiences, and trauma-informed communication, nurses can create a safe and empowering environment for patients. These behavioral adaptations contribute to a more trauma-sensitive healthcare culture and enhance the overall quality of care provided to trauma survivors.

The study findings highlight the positive impact of trauma-informed care training on nurses' ability to provide trauma-sensitive care. The knowledge, attitudes, and behaviors acquired through training have the potential to transform nursing practice, improve patient outcomes, and create a more supportive and



healing environment for individuals with trauma histories. Continued education and training in traumainformed care are essential for enhancing the capacity of healthcare providers to address the complex needs of trauma survivors and promote recovery and resilience.

### **Implications for Nursing Practice, Education, and Policy**

The implications of this study for nursing practice, education, and policy are significant. The results highlight the importance of integrating trauma-informed care training into nursing curricula and continuing education programs to ensure that nurses are well-prepared to meet the needs of trauma survivors. By enhancing nurses' knowledge, attitudes, and behaviors in trauma-sensitive care, healthcare organizations can improve patient outcomes, enhance patient satisfaction, and reduce the risk of re-traumatization in clinical settings. Policy makers should consider the implementation of mandatory trauma-informed care training for healthcare providers to promote a culture of trauma sensitivity and enhance the quality of care for individuals with trauma histories.

### Limitations of the Study and Suggestions for Future Research

Despite the valuable insights gained from this study, several limitations should be acknowledged. The study sample may not be representative of all nurses, and the generalizability of the findings may be limited to the specific context in which the research was conducted. Additionally, the study design relied on self-report measures and observational data, which may be subject to bias and interpretation. Future research could benefit from larger sample sizes, longitudinal follow-up assessments, and multi-site studies to enhance the validity and reliability of the findings. Furthermore, exploring the long-term effects of trauma-informed care training on nurses' practice and patient outcomes could provide valuable information for sustaining the impact of training over time.



#### 7. Conclusion

trauma-informed care training plays a vital role in preparing nurses to address the complex needs of trauma survivors and provide compassionate and effective care. By investing in training programs that enhance nurses' trauma-informed care competencies, healthcare organizations can improve patient outcomes, promote healing and recovery, and create a culture of trauma sensitivity within their institutions. Continued research, education, and advocacy are essential for advancing trauma-informed care in nursing practice and improving the quality of care for individuals with trauma histories. The study demonstrated the positive impact of trauma-informed care training on nurses' ability to provide trauma-sensitive care. The findings revealed significant improvements in nurses' knowledge, attitudes, and behaviors following the training program, indicating a transformation in their approach to caring for patients with trauma histories. The acquisition of trauma-informed care competencies has the potential to enhance nursing practice, improve patient outcomes, and create a more supportive and healing environment for trauma survivors.

#### **Recommendations for Trauma-Informed Care Training in Nursing**

Based on the study findings, it is recommended that healthcare organizations prioritize the integration of trauma-informed care training into nursing education programs and professional development initiatives. Training should be tailored to the specific needs of nurses working in diverse clinical settings, including emergency departments, mental health facilities, and primary care settings. Collaboration between academic institutions, healthcare providers, and policy makers is essential for promoting a culture of trauma sensitivity and ensuring that nurses are equipped with the knowledge and skills to deliver high-quality care to trauma survivors.



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